

## **Purim Timeline**



Prologue: • Queen Vashti demoted after refusing to come at King Ahasueras (Xerxes') drunke	en command after 187					
	on communa area io					
What goes   consecutive days of partying (Esther 1) [3 <sup>rd</sup> year of king's reign]	consecutive days of partying (Esther 1) [3 <sup>rd</sup> year of king's reign]					
• Hadassah (Esther) taken and initiated into a year long preparation for a beauty qu	een-replacement					
pageant; Esther (an orphan jewess) wins the pageant and is made queen in Vashti	's place (2:1-20)					
[7 <sup>th</sup> year of reign]						
Mordecai (a Benjamite and Esther's guardian cousin) successfully exposes a coup	p against the king					
which is recorded in the King's records (2:21-23) [one day]						
Haman (Agagite) promoted to prime minister and develops an animosity against I						
faithful Jew doesn't bow down to Haman as the others do (3:1-6) [some time later						
• Haman has lots ( <i>purim</i> ) cast to find out the best day to take action against the Jew						
chosen. He presents his request to kill the Jews on this day to the king who agree	es (3:7-11) [12 <sup>th</sup> year of					
reign]	1 11 12					
• Letters sent in the king's name to people to destroy, kill, and annihilate all Jewish	n people on Adar 13;					
and then to confiscate their property (3:12)						
Mordecai learns of the decree and mourns and weeps bitterly (4:1)	1 (4.12.14)					
Mordecai communicates with Esther her need to take action to attempt to save her	1 1 \					
• Esther asks that Mordecai assemble the Jews of Susa to fast and pray for her for the good in to talk with the king (4.16)	inree days before she					
goes in to talk with the king (4:16)  Nisan 14 Day 1 of a 3 day food and water fast						
Nisan 15 Day 2 of a 3 day food and water fast [PASSOVER]						
Nisan 16 Day 3 of a 3 day food and water fast						
Esther goes in to the king uninvited. She is accepted by the king and asks him as	nd Haman to join her					
for a private banquet (5:1)	na maman to join nei					
• Esther has the first banquet with Haman and the king and requests another one the	he next day (5·4)					
Haman erects gallows upon which he intends to hang Mordecai the next day (5:1)	• , ,					
Nisan 17 • King can't sleep and reads of Mordecai's previous good deed and decides to rew						
Mordecai elevated and paraded by Haman in honor through the streets (6:10-11)	` /					
• Esther has the second banquet with Haman and the king and exposes Haman (6:						
Haman hanged on gallows; Haman's house given to Esther; Esther tells the king						
Mordecai and Mordecai takes Haman's place as prime minister; Esther confers M						
house of Haman (7:10-8:2)						
~ 2 month   Esther once more appears before the king to plead for a revocation of the earlier decre	ee (8:3-7)					
interval						
Sivan 23 New decree written by Mordecai allowing the Jews to unite and defend themselves ag	gainst any aggressors					
and to plunder their spoil on the 13th of Adar (8:11)	1 (0.15)					
~9 month Many of the peoples of the land became Jews, for they feared what the Jews might do	o to them (8:17)					
Adar 13 • Jews assembled to gain mastery over their enemies; officials aided them because	a of Mandagai (0.2.2)					
	` - /					
• Esther asks for one more day for the Jews of Susa to carry out the edict and for F hung on the gallows (9:13)	Taman 8 Sons to be					
Adar 14 • Jews in Susa again assemble and kill 300 more men and again take no plunder (9)	9.14)					
Jews in the king's provinces rested and made it a feast of rejoicing; sending port						
other (9:17)	20115 01 1004 10 04011					
Adar 15 Jews in Susa rested and made it a day of feasting and rejoicing (9:18)						
Epilogue:   Mordecai recorded the events and obliged the Jews to celebrate on the fourteently the second of the se	h and fifteenth of Adar					
What annually; to celebrate by feasting and rejoicing; sending portions of food to each						
follows to the poor (9:20)						
This to be a custom for themselves and for their descendants and for all those where the second	ho became Jews (9:27)					
These days of Purim were not to fail from among the Jews, or their memory fade	e from their					
descendants (9:28)						
Mordecai was one who sought the good of his people and one who spoke for the	e welfare of his whole					

nation (10:3)			
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